BANNING LEWIS RANCH REGIONAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 El Paso County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors **Banning Lewis Ranch Regional Metropolitan District No. 1**El Paso County, Colorado

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Banning Lewis Ranch Regional Metropolitan District No. 1 ("District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2020, the changes in its financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

The other information, as identified in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the other information.

Colorado Springs, Colorado September 16, 2021

BiggsKofford, P.C.



BANNING LEWIS RANCH REGIONAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$ 1,161,732
Receivable - County Treasurer	5,640
Due from Banning Lewis Ranch MD No. 1	37,225
Due from Banning Lewis Ranch MD No. 2	6,578
Prepaid Expenses	7,000
Property Taxes Receivable	767,904
Total Assets	1,986,079
LIABILITIES	
Accrued Interest Payable	48,129
Noncurrent Liabilities:	,
Due in More than One Year	14,340,899
Total Liabilities	14,389,028
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	767,904
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	767,904
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	2,200
Unrestricted	(13,173,053)
Total Net Position	\$ (13,170,853)

BANNING LEWIS RANCH REGIONAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

					Program	Revenues			(Exp	Revenues enses) and hange in t Position
	E:	xpenses	Chai fo Serv	or	Gran	rating ts and butions	Cap Grant Contrib	s and		ernmental activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Government Activities:										
General Government	\$	40,487	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(40,487)
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt		841,723								(841,723)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	882,210	\$		\$		\$			(882,210)
GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Net Investment Income Total General Revenues							642,014 69,926 8,866 720,806			
	СНА	NGE IN NET	POSITION	N						(161,404)
	Net F	Position - Beg	inning of Y	′ear					(1	13,009,449)
	NET	POSITION -	END OF Y	'EAR					\$ (1	13,170,853)

BANNING LEWIS RANCH REGIONAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

		General		Debt Service	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$	-	\$	1,161,732	\$	1,161,732
Receivable - County Treasurer		564		5,076		5,640
Due from Banning Lewis Ranch MD No. 1		69,855		8,722		78,577
Due from Banning Lewis Ranch MD No. 2		-		6,578		6,578
Prepaid Expenses Property Tax Receivable		- 76,714		7,000 691,190		7,000 767,904
Property Tax Necelvable		70,714		091,190		707,904
Total Assets	\$	147,133	\$	1,880,298	\$	2,027,431
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Due to Banning Lewis Ranch MD No. 1	\$	30,852	\$	10,500	\$	41,352
Total Liabilities		30,852		10,500		41,352
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property Tax Revenue		76,714		691,190		767,904
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		76,714		691,190		767,904
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Expenses		-		7,000		7,000
Restricted for:						
Emergency Reserves		2,200		-		2,200
Debt Service		-		1,171,608		1,171,608
Unassigned		37,367				37,367
Total Fund Balances		39,567		1,178,608		1,218,175
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	147,133	\$	1,880,298		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of ne	t position	are different b	oecause	e:		
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable,						
are not due and payable in the current period						
and are not reported in the funds.						(12 004 000)
Bonds Payable						(13,801,000)
Bond Interest Payable Bond Issue Premium						(559,930)
DONA ISSUE FIERMANI						(28,098)
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	(13,170,853)

BANNING LEWIS RANCH REGIONAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

DEVENUE O	General		Debt Service		Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES	•	04.004	•	577.040	•	040.044	
Property Taxes	\$	64,201	\$	577,813	\$	642,014	
Specific Ownership Taxes		6,993		62,933		69,926	
Net Investment Income		189		8,677		8,866	
Total Revenues		71,383		649,423		720,806	
EXPENDITURES							
General							
Accounting		11,883		-		11,883	
Audit		4,150		-		4,150	
County Treasurer's Fees		964		8,671		9,635	
Dues and Membership		527		-		527	
Legal		14,000		-		14,000	
Miscellaneous		292		-		292	
Debt Service:							
Bond Interest - Series 2018A		_		577,544		577,544	
Paying Agent Fees		_		7,000		7,000	
Total Expenditures		31,816		593,215		625,031	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		39,567		56,208		95,775	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				1,122,400		1,122,400	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	39,567	\$	1,178,608	\$	1,218,175	

BANNING LEWIS RANCH REGIONAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

\$

95,775

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability (258,568)
Amortization on bond premium 1,389

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$\(\(\)\(\)\$ (161,404)

BANNING LEWIS RANCH REGIONAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	64,269	\$	64,201	\$	(68)
Specific Ownership Taxes	•	7,070	*	6,993	*	(77)
Net Investment Income		-		189		189
Total Revenues		71,339		71,383		44
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting		10,000		11,883		(1,883)
Audit		4,150		4,150		-
County Treasurer's Fees		964		964		-
District Management		10,000		-		10,000
Dues and Membership		1,000		527		473
Insurance and Bonds		4,000		-		4,000
Legal		10,000		14,000		(4,000)
Miscellaneous		5,000		292		4,708
Contingency		6,886				6,886
Total Expenditures		52,000		31,816		20,184
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		19,339		39,567		20,228
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year						
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	19,339	\$	39,567	\$	20,228

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Banning Lewis Ranch Regional Metropolitan District No. 1 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized concurrently with Banning Lewis Ranch Metropolitan District Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 7 (now Banning Lewis Ranch Regional Metropolitan District No. 2) (collectively, the Districts) by order and decree of the District Court for the city of Colorado Springs, El Paso County, Colorado, on December 1, 2005, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special Districts Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The Districts' service area is located entirely within the city of Colorado Springs, El Paso County, Colorado. The Districts operate under a Consolidated Service Plan to provide financing for the design, acquisition, installation and construction of public improvements and services, including street improvements, parks and recreational facilities, water supply, wastewater facilities, traffic and safety controls, public transportation, fire protection, mosquito control and television relay. Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District, along with District Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, and Banning Lewis Ranch Regional Metropolitan District No. 2 are intended to serve as the Taxing Districts related to District No. 1, which will serve as the Operating District.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations are recorded when the liability is incurred, or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash and investments.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Amortization

Original Issue Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position: Investments - Restricted

\$ 1,161,732

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020, consist of the following:

Investments \$ 1,161,732

<u>Investments</u>

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2020, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust	Weighted-Average	
(COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	\$ 1,161,732

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust) an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Balance - ecember 31, 2019	Additions	Ret	irements	Balance - ecember 31, 2020	ue Within One Year
Bonds Payable						
Series 2018A G.O. Limited Tax Bonds	\$ 10,745,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 10,745,000	\$ -
Series 2018B Subordinate G.O.						
Limited Tax Bonds	1,255,000	-		-	1,255,000	-
Series 2018C Subordinate G.O.						
Limited Tax Bonds	1,801,000	-		-	1,801,000	-
Bond Issue Premium	29,487	-		1,389	28,098	-
Accrued Interest on:						
Series 2018B Subordinate G.O.						
Limited Tax Bonds	102,041	104,047		_	206,088	-
Series 2018C Subordinate G.O.						
Limited Tax Bonds	 151,192	154,521			 305,713	
Subtotal of Bonds Payable	14,083,720	258,568		1,389	14,340,899	-
Total Long Term Obligations	\$ 14,083,720	\$ 258,568	\$	1,389	\$ 14,340,899	\$ _

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

General Obligation Bonds

\$10,745,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018A, dated December 11, 2018, (the Senior Bonds) with interest of 5.375%, payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on June 1, 2019. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2023. The Bonds mature on December 1, 2048, and are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 1, 2023, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium of a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of Redemption	Redemption Premium
December 1, 2023, to November 30, 2024	3.00%
December 1, 2024, to November 30, 2025	2.00%
December 1, 2025, to November 30, 2026	1.00%
December 1, 2026, and Thereafter	0.00%

The Senior Bonds are secured by and payable solely from Senior Pledged Revenue, consisting of moneys derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collections: (i) the Senior Required Mill Levy; (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Senior Required Mill Levy; and (iii) any other legally available moneys of the District which the District deposits with the Trustee for application as Senior Pledged Revenue.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

Pursuant to the Senior Indenture, the District has covenanted to levy a Senior Required Mill Levy to be imposed in an amount sufficient (together with certain other amounts held under the Senior Indenture) to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Senior Bonds, and to fund the Senior Reserve Fund to the Required Reserve, but (a) not in excess of 9 mills (subject to adjustment as described below), and (b) for so long as the Surplus Fund is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount of \$1,074,500, not less than 9 mills (subject to adjustment as described below) or such lesser mill levy which, when combined with other Senior Pledged Revenue legally available in the Senior Bond Fund will permit the District to fully fund the Senior Bond Fund for the next Senior Bond Year and pay the Senior Bonds as they come due, to fund the Senior Reserve Fund up to the Required Reserve, and to fund the Surplus Fund up to the Maximum Surplus Amount. Such maximum and minimum mill levies are subject to adjustment for changes occurring in the method of calculating assessed valuation after the date of issuance of the Bonds.

The Senior Bonds are also secured by amounts held in the Senior Reserve Fund, which was funded upon issuance of the Senior Bonds in the amount of the Required Reserve equal to \$875,075, and amounts accumulated in the Surplus Fund, if any.

Senior Pledged Revenue that is not needed to pay debt service on the Senior Bonds in any year will be deposited to and held in the Surplus Fund, up to the Maximum Surplus Amount. Under the Senior Indenture, the Surplus Fund shall be maintained for so long as any Senior Bonds are outstanding. The District has acknowledged that State Law places certain restrictions on the use of money derived from the Senior Required Mill Levy.

\$1,255,000 Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018B, dated December 11, 2018, (the 2018B Subordinate Bonds) with interest of 7.750%, payable annually from Subordinate Pledged Revenue on December 15, beginning on December 15, 2019. The Subordinate Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds, meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal prior to the final maturity date. Unpaid interest on the Subordinate Bonds compounds annually on each December 15. The Subordinate Bonds are also subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 15, 2023, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium of a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of Redemption	Redemption Premium
December 15, 2023, to December 14, 2024	3.00%
December 15, 2024, to December 14, 2025	2.00%
December 15, 2025, to December 14, 2026	1.00%
December 15, 2026, and Thereafter	0.00%

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

The Subordinate Bonds are secured by and payable solely from Subordinate Pledged Revenue, consisting of moneys derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collections: (i) the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; (iii) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Subordinate Pledged Revenue; and (iv) Subordinate Capital Fee Revenue.

The Subordinate Indenture requires that a Subordinate Required Mill Levy be imposed in the amount of (i) 9 mills (subject to adjustment as described above) less the amount of the Senior Bond Mill Levy; or (ii) such lesser mill levy which, when combined with other Subordinate Pledged Revenue legally available in the Subordinate Bond Fund, will permit the District to fully fund the Subordinate Bond Fund for the next Subordinate Bond Year and pay all of the principal of and interest on the Subordinate Bonds in full. No payments can be made on the Subordinate Bonds until the Required Reserve and Maximum Surplus Amount on the Senior Bonds have been funded.

\$1,801,000 Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018C, dated December 11, 2018 (2018C Junior Lien Bonds) with interest of 6.000% and 8.000%, payable annually from Junior Lien Pledged Revenue on December 15, beginning on December 15, 2019. The 2018C Junior Lien Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds, meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal prior to the final maturity date. Unpaid interest on the 2018C Junior Lien Bonds compounds annually on each December 15. The 2018C Junior Lien Bonds mature on December 15, 2041 and are also subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 15, 2023, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium of a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

<u>Date of Redemption</u>	Redemption Premium
December 15, 2023, to December 14, 2024	3.00%
December 15, 2024, to December 14, 2025	2.00%
December 15, 2025, to December 14, 2026	1.00%
December 15, 2026, and thereafter	0.00%

The 2018C Junior Lien Bonds are secured by and payable solely from Junior Lien Pledged Revenue, consisting of moneys derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collections: (i) the Junior Lien Required Mill Levy; (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Junior Lien Required Mill Levy; (iii) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Junior Lien Pledged Revenue; and (iv) Junior Lien Capital Fee Revenue.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

The Junior Lien Indenture requires that a Junior Lien Required Mill Levy be imposed in the amount of (i) 9 mills (subject to adjustment as described above) less the Senior/Subordinate Required Mill Levy (the sum of the Senior Required Mill Levy, the 2018B Subordinate Required Mill Levy, and any other ad valorem property tax levy required to be imposed by the District for the payment of other Senior/Subordinate Obligations), or (ii) such lesser amount which, if imposed by the District for collection in the succeeding calendar year, would generate Junior Lien Property Tax Revenues which, when combined with moneys then on deposit in the Junior Lien Bond Fund, will pay the Junior Lien Bonds in full in the year such levy is collected. In no event is the District to be required to impose the Junior Lien Required Mill Levy after December 2047 (for collection in calendar year 2048).

The proceeds from the sale of the Senior and Subordinate Bonds were used for the purposes of funding and reimbursing a portion of the costs of acquiring, constructing, and installing certain public improvements and paying costs of issuance, and, with respect to proceeds of the Senior Bonds only: (a) funding a Senior Reserve Fund and (b) providing capitalized interest for the Senior Bonds.

The District's long-term G.O. Senior Bond obligations will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ -	\$ 577,544	\$ 577,544
2022	-	577,544	577,544
2023	60,000	577,544	637,544
2024	115,000	574,319	689,319
2025	135,000	568,138	703,138
2026-2030	940,000	2,712,225	3,652,225
2031-2035	1,415,000	2,411,762	3,826,762
2036-2040	2,060,000	1,965,637	4,025,637
2041-2045	2,895,000	1,327,356	4,222,356
2046-2048	3,125,000	388,075	3,513,075
Total	\$ 10,745,000	\$ 11,680,144	\$ 22,425,144

Developer Advances

On August 2, 2018 and subsequently amended and restated on November 12, 2018, the District entered into an Advance, Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement (the Agreement) with Banning Lewis Ranch Metropolitan District No. 1 (BLR No. 1) and Clayton Properties Group II, Inc. (the Developer) that will allow the District and BLR No. 1 to acquire completed public improvements from the Developer or, in the alternative, the Developer will advance to the District funds necessary to construct and complete public improvements, which will be constructed and completed by BLR No. 1. The Developer, in its sole discretion may, but shall not be obligated to, advance funds to the District to pay the costs of public improvements and any management, operating, and administrative expenses. Any sums advanced to the District or on behalf of BLR No. 1 prior to the date of this Agreement shall be considered advances pursuant to this Agreement.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Developer Advances (Continued)

The District agrees to repay the Developer along with a simple interest of 7% from the date of the advance or, in the event the Developer has paid construction or acquisition costs directly for public improvements constructed by third parties, such costs shall bear said interest from the date the completed improvements are accepted by the District. The Agreement does not constitute "debt" or a "multiple-fiscal year direct or indirect District debt or other financial obligations" within the meaning of the Colorado constitution or any other Colorado law, and shall not constitute the District's pledge of funds from any specific source except as contemplated in the Agreement, including: 1) bond or note proceeds, 2) imposition of fees, charges, and general ad valorem taxes, and 3) the creation and maintenance of reserve and contingency funds. As of December 31, 2020, there were no outstanding Developer Advances.

Debt Authorization

On November 7, 2006 and November 6, 2007, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$1,929,500,000 for infrastructure improvements and operations, such debt to bear interest at a rate not in excess of 18% per annum. At December 31, 2020, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Authorized November 7,	Authorized November 6,	Authorization Used	Authorization Used	Authorization Used	Remaining at December 31,
	2006	2007	Series 2018A	Series 2018B	Series 2018C	2020
Street Improvements	\$ 84,500,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 84,500,000
Water	84,500,000	500,000,000	7,212,965	842,464	1,208,985	575,235,586
Sanitation	84,500,000	500,000,000	3,532,035	412,536	592,015	579,963,414
Traffic and Safety	84,500,000	-	-	-	-	84,500,000
Fire Protection, Ambulance Service	84,500,000	-	-	-	-	84,500,000
Park and Recreation	84,500,000	-	-	-	-	84,500,000
Mosquito Control	84,500,000	-	-	-	-	84,500,000
Television Relay and Translation	84,500,000	-	-	-	-	84,500,000
Public Transportation	84,500,000	-	-	-	-	84,500,000
Operations and Maintenance	84,500,000	-	-	-	-	84,500,000
Debt Refunding	84,500,000					84,500,000
Total	\$ 929,500,000	\$ 1,000,000,000	\$ 10,745,000	\$ 1,255,000	\$ 1,801,000	\$1,915,699,000

Pursuant to the Consolidated Service Plan and the Amended and Restated Service Plan, the District is only permitted to issue debt up to \$600,000,000. District Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, and Banning Lewis Ranch Regional Metropolitan District No. 2 will be permitted to issue additional debt only at such time that such additional debt is approved by the city and that repayment of such additional debt can be accomplished only to the extent of the maximum permitted residential or commercial mill levy of 30.000 mills and 50.000 mills, respectively, as may be adjusted by a change in the ratio of actual valuation.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2020, as follows:

Restricted Net Position:

Emergencies\$ 2,200Total Restricted Net Position\$ 2,200

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is the result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements and for Developer advances for capital improvements which were recorded by BLR No.1.

NOTE 6 RELATED PARTIES

The Developer of the property which constitutes the District is Clayton Properties Group II, Inc. Certain members of the Board of Directors are officers of, employees of, or associated with the Developer and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. See Note 4 concerning advances made by the Developer.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. The District transfers its net operating revenue to District No. 1 (Operating District) pursuant to the anticipated intergovernmental agreement. Therefore, the Emergency Reserves related to the District's revenues are reported in District No. 1.

On November 7, 2006, the District's voters authorized the District to increase property taxes \$8,000,000 annually, without limitation of rate and without regard to any spending, revenue raising, or other limitations contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitutions (TABOR) or Section 29-1-301, C.R.S., to pay the District's operations, maintenance, and other expenses. Additionally, the District's electors authorized the District to collect, spend, or retain all revenue without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BANNING LEWIS RANCH REGIONAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

DEVENUE				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	•				•	(4.040)
Property Taxes	\$	579,053	\$	577,813	\$	(1,240)
Specific Ownership Taxes		63,696		62,933		(763)
Net Investment Income		17,000		8,677		(8,323)
Total Revenues		659,749		649,423		(10,326)
EXPENDITURES						
County Treasurer's Fees		8,686		8,671		15
Bond Interest - Series 2018A		577,544		577,544		-
Paying Agent Fees		2,500		7,000		(4,500)
Contingency		11,270		-		11,270
Total Expenditures		600,000		593,215		6,785
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		59,749		56,208		(3,541)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		1,093,150		1,122,400		29,250
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,152,899	\$	1,178,608	\$	25,709

OTHER INFORMATION

BANNING LEWIS RANCH REGIONAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2020

\$10,745,000
General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds
Series 2018A
Dated December 11, 2018
Principal Due December 1
Interest Rate 5.375% Payable

Year Ending December 31. Principal Interest Total 2021 \$ - \$577,544 \$577,544 2022 - 577,544 577,544 2023 60,000 577,544 637,544 2024 115,000 574,319 689,319 2025 135,000 568,138 703,138 2026 160,000 560,881 720,881 2027 165,000 552,281 717,281 2028 190,000 543,413 733,413 2029 200,000 533,200 733,200 2030 225,000 522,450 747,450 2031 235,000 510,356 745,356 2032 265,000 497,725 762,725 2033 280,000 483,481 763,481 2034 310,000 468,431 778,431 2035 325,000 451,769 776,769 2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 372,487 8		June 1 and December 1						
2022 - 577,544 577,544 2023 60,000 577,544 637,544 2024 115,000 574,319 689,319 2025 135,000 568,138 703,138 2026 160,000 560,881 720,881 2027 165,000 552,281 717,281 2028 190,000 543,413 733,413 2029 200,000 533,200 733,200 2030 225,000 522,450 747,450 2031 235,000 510,356 745,556 2032 265,000 497,725 762,725 2033 280,000 483,481 763,481 2034 310,000 468,431 778,431 2035 325,000 451,769 776,769 2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 <td>Year Ending December 31,</td> <td>Principal</td> <td>Interest</td> <td colspan="2">Total</td>	Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total				
2022 - 577,544 577,544 2023 60,000 577,544 637,544 2024 115,000 574,319 689,319 2025 135,000 568,138 703,138 2026 160,000 560,881 720,881 2027 165,000 552,281 717,281 2028 190,000 543,413 733,413 2029 200,000 533,200 733,200 2030 225,000 522,450 747,450 2031 235,000 510,356 745,556 2032 265,000 497,725 762,725 2033 280,000 483,481 763,481 2034 310,000 468,431 778,431 2035 325,000 451,769 776,769 2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	-							
2023 60,000 577,544 637,544 2024 115,000 574,319 689,319 2025 135,000 568,138 703,138 2026 160,000 560,881 720,881 2027 165,000 552,281 717,281 2028 190,000 543,413 733,413 2029 200,000 533,200 733,200 2030 225,000 522,450 747,450 2031 235,000 510,356 745,356 2032 265,000 497,725 762,725 2033 280,000 483,481 763,481 2034 310,000 468,431 778,431 2035 325,000 451,769 776,769 2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,1	2021	\$ -	\$ 577,544	\$ 577,544				
2024 115,000 574,319 689,319 2025 135,000 568,138 703,138 2026 160,000 560,881 720,881 2027 165,000 552,281 717,281 2028 190,000 543,413 733,413 2029 200,000 533,200 733,200 2030 225,000 522,450 747,450 2031 235,000 510,356 745,356 2032 265,000 497,725 762,725 2033 280,000 483,481 763,481 2034 310,000 468,431 778,431 2035 325,000 451,769 776,769 2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 296,	2022	-	577,544	577,544				
2025 135,000 568,138 703,138 2026 160,000 560,881 720,881 2027 165,000 552,281 717,281 2028 190,000 543,413 733,413 2029 200,000 533,200 733,200 2030 225,000 522,450 747,450 2031 235,000 510,356 745,356 2032 265,000 497,725 762,725 2033 280,000 483,481 763,481 2034 310,000 468,431 778,431 2035 325,000 451,769 776,769 2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,	2023	60,000	577,544	637,544				
2026 160,000 560,881 720,881 2027 165,000 552,281 717,281 2028 190,000 543,413 733,413 2029 200,000 533,200 733,200 2030 225,000 522,450 747,450 2031 235,000 510,356 745,356 2032 265,000 497,725 762,725 2033 280,000 483,481 763,481 2034 310,000 468,431 778,431 2035 325,000 451,769 776,769 2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,	2024	115,000	574,319	689,319				
2027 165,000 552,281 717,281 2028 190,000 543,413 733,413 2029 200,000 533,200 733,200 2030 225,000 522,450 747,450 2031 235,000 510,356 745,356 2032 265,000 497,725 762,725 2033 280,000 483,481 763,481 2034 310,000 468,431 778,431 2035 325,000 451,769 776,769 2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,1	2025	135,000	568,138	703,138				
2028 190,000 543,413 733,413 2029 200,000 533,200 733,200 2030 225,000 522,450 747,450 2031 235,000 510,356 745,356 2032 265,000 497,725 762,725 2033 280,000 483,481 763,481 2034 310,000 468,431 778,431 2035 325,000 451,769 776,769 2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,9	2026	160,000	560,881	720,881				
2029 200,000 533,200 733,200 2030 225,000 522,450 747,450 2031 235,000 510,356 745,356 2032 265,000 497,725 762,725 2033 280,000 483,481 763,481 2034 310,000 468,431 778,431 2035 325,000 451,769 776,769 2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,0	2027	165,000	552,281	717,281				
2030 225,000 522,450 747,450 2031 235,000 510,356 745,356 2032 265,000 497,725 762,725 2033 280,000 483,481 763,481 2034 310,000 468,431 778,431 2035 325,000 451,769 776,769 2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,76	2028	190,000	543,413	733,413				
2031 235,000 510,356 745,356 2032 265,000 497,725 762,725 2033 280,000 483,481 763,481 2034 310,000 468,431 778,431 2035 325,000 451,769 776,769 2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2029	200,000	533,200	733,200				
2032 265,000 497,725 762,725 2033 280,000 483,481 763,481 2034 310,000 468,431 778,431 2035 325,000 451,769 776,769 2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2030	225,000	522,450	747,450				
2033 280,000 483,481 763,481 2034 310,000 468,431 778,431 2035 325,000 451,769 776,769 2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2031	235,000	510,356	745,356				
2034 310,000 468,431 778,431 2035 325,000 451,769 776,769 2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2032	265,000	497,725	762,725				
2035 325,000 451,769 776,769 2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2033	280,000	483,481	763,481				
2036 360,000 434,300 794,300 2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2034	310,000	468,431	778,431				
2037 375,000 414,950 789,950 2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2035	325,000	451,769	776,769				
2038 415,000 394,794 809,794 2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2036	360,000	434,300	794,300				
2039 435,000 372,487 807,487 2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2037	375,000	414,950	789,950				
2040 475,000 349,106 824,106 2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2038	415,000	394,794	809,794				
2041 500,000 323,575 823,575 2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2039	435,000	372,487	807,487				
2042 545,000 296,700 841,700 2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2040	475,000	349,106	824,106				
2043 575,000 267,406 842,406 2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2041	500,000	323,575	823,575				
2044 620,000 236,500 856,500 2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2042	545,000	296,700	841,700				
2045 655,000 203,175 858,175 2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2043	575,000	267,406	842,406				
2046 705,000 167,969 872,969 2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2044	620,000	236,500	856,500				
2047 745,000 130,075 875,075 2048 1,675,000 90,031 1,765,031	2045	655,000	203,175	858,175				
2048	2046	705,000	167,969	872,969				
	2047	745,000	130,075	875,075				
Total \$ 10,745,000 \$ 11,680,144 \$ 22,425,144	2048	1,675,000	90,031	1,765,031				
	Total	\$ 10,745,000	\$ 11,680,144	\$ 22,425,144				

NOTE: This debt to maturity schedule only represents the senior obligation of the District. No debt to maturity schedule has been provided for the 2018B Subordinate Bonds or the 2018C Junior Lien Bonds because amounts are payable from subordinate pledged revenue, which may or may not be sufficient to make debt service payments as those payment become due.

BANNING LEWIS RANCH REGIONAL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Prior					
	Year Assessed					
	Valuation for					Percentage
Year Ended	Current Year	Mills Levied		Total Property Taxes		Collected
December 31,	Tax Levy	General	Debt Service	Levied	Collected	to Levied
	_					
2016	\$ 24,733,390	1.000	9.000	\$247,334	\$247,732	100.16 %
2017	28,452,270	1.000	9.000	284,522	284,523	100.00
2018	34,927,350	1.105	9.950	386,122	386,118	100.00
2019	46,540,920	1.105	9.950	514,510	476,667	92.64
2020	57,795,510	1.112	10.019	643,322	642,014	99.80
Estimated for the Year Ending						
December 31,	¢ 60 007 000	4 440	10.010	Ф 767 004		
2021	\$ 68,987,900	1.112	10.019	\$767,904		

NOTE:

Property taxes shown as collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes or abatements of property taxes assessed in prior years. This presentation does not attempt to identify specific years of assessments.